

Water Resource Management Group

● Water Surplus and Drought Management Update Conditions as of 5/31/2022

Summary

This report accounts for water supply, demand, and storage conditions for calendar year (CY) 2022 as of May 31, 2022. The report also tracks the hydrologic conditions for water year (WY) 2021-2022.

Metropolitan's supply/demand gap for calendar year 2022 is currently projected to be 815 thousand acre-feet (TAF). This is based on a demand estimate of 1.82 million acre-feet (MAF) and an imported supply estimate of 1.01 MAF. A majority of this supply/demand gap will be met through storage withdrawals. However, consecutive years of low SWP allocations and withdrawals of storage have depleted supplies available to the SWP Dependent Area. As a result, Metropolitan is taking extraordinary actions to increase supply by taking delivery of human health and safety (HH&S) supply from the Department of Water Resources and reduce demands in the SWP Dependent Area through Metropolitan's Emergency Water Conservation Program.

The current demand estimate is expected to decrease due to regionwide conservation. While the Emergency Water Conservation Program applies to the SWP Dependent Area, all local water agencies in Metropolitan's service area and across the state are required to implement more aggressive conservation efforts as required by the State Water Board's emergency regulation that was adopted in May in response to Governor Newsom's March Executive Order. This regulation prohibits the use of potable water for irrigating non-functional turf at commercial, industrial, and institutional properties and requires all urban water suppliers to implement Level 2 demand reduction actions in their locally adopted plans. These actions will help maximize efficient use of water and further preserve critical water supplies to help meet the needs of the region for next year.

Purpose

Informational

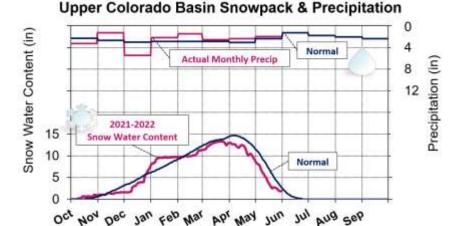
Attachments

Attachment 1: Projected 2022 WSDM Storage Detail (5 percent SWP Table A allocation)

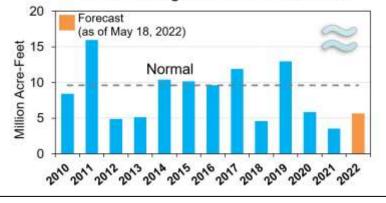
Attachment 2: Agreements to Exchange or Return Stored Water, Potential Magnitude of California's Drought Contingency Plan Contribution, and Cyclic Program Balances

Detailed Report

This Water Surplus and Drought Management (WSDM) report updates water supply and demand conditions for CY 2022 and developing hydrologic conditions for WY 2021-2022.



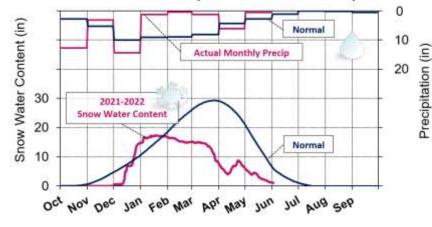
Powell Unregulated Water Year Inflow



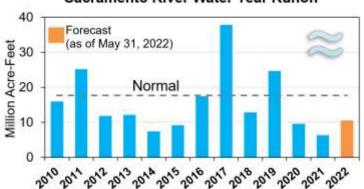
Upper Colorado River Basin

- Snowpack water content peaked in mid-March (13.3 inches or 91% of normal April 1).
- Near normal precipitation to date (20.8 inches).
- ≈ Runoff into Lake Powell for WY 2022 is forecasted at 59% of normal.

Northern Sierra Snowpack & 8 Station Precipitation



Sacramento River Water Year Runoff

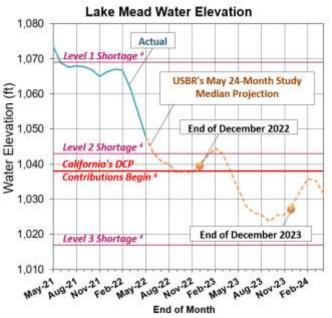


Sacramento River Basin

- Snowpack water content peaked low and early in mid-January (17.2 inches or 6% of normal April 1).
- Below normal precipitation at the 8 Station to date (39.9 inches).
- ≈ Runoff into the Sacramento River for WY 2022 is forecasted at 59% of normal.

CRA Supplies	Acre-Feet
Basic Apportionment	550,000
IID/MWD Conservation Program	105,000
PVID Fallowing Program	25,000
Exchange w/ SDCWA (IID/Canal Lining)	280,000
Exchange w/ USBR (San Luis Rey Tribe)	16,000
Lower Colorado Water Supply Project	9,000
Bard Seasonal Fallowing Program	3,000
Quechan Diversion Forbearance	6,000
Quechan Seasonal Fallowing Program ¹	0
Higher Priority Water Use Adjustment ²	-110,000
Total CRA Supplies ³	887,000

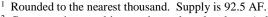
Total CRA Supplies ³ **887,00** ¹ Rounded to the nearest thousand. Supply is 356 AF.



Date of Study: 5/17/2022

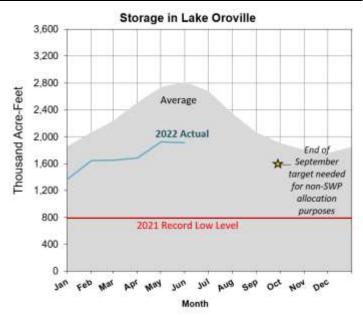
- Lake Mead storage is currently at 7.51 MAF (elevation 1047.6 feet).
- The Lower Basin is at a Level 1 shortage in CY 2022. Supplies to Metropolitan will not be curtailed and Metropolitan will have full access to its Intentionally Created Surplus (ICS) in CY 2022.

SWP Supplies	Acre-Feet
Table A (5% SWP allocation)	96,000
Article 21	0
Port Hueneme ¹	0
SWC Buyers Group Transfers ²	7,000
Yuba Accord Dry-Year Purchase Program ²	11,000
MWDOC/IRWD Partnership	4,000
Purchase of SDCWA's Semitropic Supply	4,000
Total SWP Supplies ³	122,000
Total Supplies (CRA + SWP)	1,009,000



² Current estimate subject to change based on buyer/seller participation and losses.

(Prior to storage actions)



- In addition to the 5 percent Table A allocation, DWR will provide water for Contractors' unmet Human Health and Safety needs (HH&S). DWR expects Contractors receiving HH&S water to take mandatory conservation measures; implement conjunctive use practices; acquire alternative supplies; and return any HH&S water to the SWP in a future year.
- Lake Oroville is currently at 1.90 MAF (54 percent of total capacity) or 68 percent of historical average as of the date of this report.

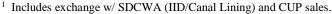
² Per USBR Forecast (5/31/22).

³ Total may not sum due to rounding.

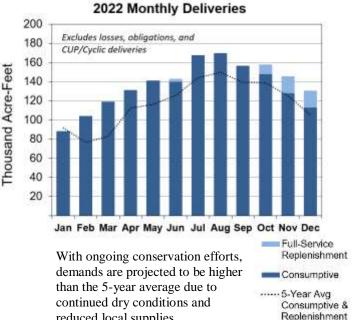
Estimated elevation ranges accounting for how USBR will determine operations at Lake Mead with the reduction of releases from Lake Powell from 7.48 MAF to 7.00 MAF in WY 2022.

³ Total may not sum due to rounding.

Current Demand	Acre-Feet
Member Agency Consumptive ¹	1,612,000
Member Agency Replenishment	49,000
Coachella Valley Water District Agreement	15,000
Return to Imperial Irrigation District ²	83,000
Exchange w/ San Luis Rey Tribe	16,000
System and Storage Losses	50,000
Cyclic Deliveries	0
Total Demands ³	1,824,000



² Per USBR Forecast (5/31/22).



Balancing Supply and Demand

reduced local supplies.

Replenishment

MANAGING REGIONAL SUPPLY AND DEMAND

Supply/Demand Balance	Acre-Feet
Total Supplies	1,009,000
Total Demands	1,824,000
Current Balance Estimate ¹	-815,000

¹ Total may not sum due to rounding.

2,000 Current Trend Demands of 1,824 TAF 1,800 815 TAF Potential WSDM 1,600 Thousand Acre-Feet Actions, Additional 1,400 Imported Supplies & 1,200 Current Supply Emergency Estimate of 1,009 TAF Conservation 1,000 122 TAF SWP 800 600 includes -110 TAF of 887 TAF Higher Priority Water 400 CRA Use Adjustment 200

2022 Projected Supply

Dry-Year WSDM Strategies/Actions

The following WSDM actions are being pursued or are underway to satisfy the estimated supply/demand gap in 2022, enhance Metropolitan's capability of delivering supplies to the SWP Dependent Areas, and reduce storage withdrawals in 2022.

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- Strategic withdrawals of water from dry-year storage reserves.
- Coordinating with member agencies to identify new drought actions targeted at Metropolitan's SWP Dependent Areas.
- Executed an agreement with DWR to allow for water withdrawals from Perris Flex storage at Castaic Lake.
- Increased exchange amounts with Arvin-Edison for Metropolitan to receive Friant surface water supplies.
- Maximizing use of Colorado River or stored supplies by using the Greg Avenue pump station and drafting water from Diamond Valley Lake to serve the Lakeview Pipeline and the Mills Plant.
- Advancing infrastructure improvements to reduce the impact of the current drought and provide future system flexibility.
- Working with member agencies to switch from service connections providing SWP supplies to alternate connections that use Colorado River supplies, both within and outside of the Operational Shift Cost-Offset Program.
- Purchasing San Diego County Water Authority's groundwater stored in the Semitropic Water Bank and leasing their pumping capacity.
- Partnering with non-member agencies such as the San Bernardino Valley Municipal Water District, a SWP Contractor, for exchange opportunities.
- Utilizing the Coordinated Operating Agreement with Municipal Water District of Orange County and Irvine Ranch Water District to enhance SWP supplies.
- Securing one-year transfers with various water districts north of the Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta.
- Finalized the Emergency Water Conservation Program for implementation in the SWP Dependent Area.

Date of Report: June 14, 2022

³ Total may not sum due to rounding.

2022 WSDM Storage Detail

	1/1/2022 Estimated Storage Levels	CY 2022 Take Capacity ¹	2022 Total Storage Capacity
WSDM Storage			
Colorado River Aqueduct Delivery System	1,252,000	340,000	1,657,000
Lake Mead ICS	1,252,000 ²	340,000 ³	1,657,000
State Water Project System	636,000	184,000	1,879,000
MWD SWP Carryover ⁴	38,000	38,000	350,000
DWCV SWP Carryover ⁴	30,000	30,000	330,000
MWD Articles 14(b) and 12(e)	0	0	N/A
Castaic Lake (DWR Flex Storage)	0	0	154,000
Lake Perris (DWR Flex Storage)	49,000	49,000 ⁵	65,000
Arvin Edison Storage Program	136,000	17,000 ⁶	350,000
Semitropic Storage Program	218,000	51,000 ⁷	350,000
Kern Delta Storage Program	149,000	29,000	250,000
Mojave Storage Program	19,000	0	330,000
AVEK Storage Program	27,000	0	30,000
In-Region Supplies and WSDM Actions	795,000	426,000	1,246,000
Diamond Valley Lake	600,000	343,000	810,000
Lake Mathews and Lake Skinner	179,000	67,000	226,000
Conjunctive Use Programs (CUP) 8	16,000	16,000	210,000
Other Programs	674,000	10,000	1,181,000
Other Emergency Storage	381,000	0	381,000
DWCV Advanced Delivery Account	293,000	10,000	800,000
Total	3,357,000	960,000	5,963,000
Emergency	750,000	0	750,000
Total WSDM Storage (AF) 9	2,607,000	960,000	5,213,000

¹ Take capacity assumed under a 5 percent SWP Table A Allocation. Storage program losses included where applicable.

² Reflects USBR's final accounting for 2021, released in May 2022. This amount is net of the water Metropolitan stored for IID in Lake Mead in an ICS sub-account, which IID can access to avoid an overrun.

³ Take capacity based on planned maintenance activities and current CRA supply estimate and includes return of water to IID.

⁴ Total storage capacity varies year to year based on prior year remaining balance added to current year contractual limits.

⁵ Available for withdrawal from Castaic Lake in 2022 pursuant to an MWD-DWR agreement.

⁶ Take amounts dependent on exchange capabilities.

⁷ Includes leasing 5,000 AF of return capacity from SDCWA. This provides Metropolitan the ability to withdraw more of its groundwater stored in the program.

Total of all CUP programs including IEUA/TVMWD (Chino Basin); Long Beach (Central Basin); Long Beach (Lakewood); Foothill (Raymond and Monk Hill); MWDOC (Orange County Basin); Three Valleys (Live Oak); Three Valleys (Upper Claremont); and Western.

⁹ Total WSDM Storage level subject to change based on accounting adjustments.

Agreements to Exchange or Return Stored Water

	Future Returns ¹	
Water Stored for IID under the California ICS		
Agreement and its Amendment or the 2021	262,000 ²	
Settlement Agreement with IID		
Storage and Interstate Release Agreement with	220,000 3	
Southern Nevada Water Authority	330,000 ³	
Coachella Valley Water District Agreement	210,000 ⁴	
Total (AF)	802,000 ⁵	

¹ Rounded to the nearest thousand.

Potential Magnitude of California's Drought Contingency Plan Contribution

	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Likelihood of Required California Drought Contingency Plan Contribution ¹	0%	3%	70%	66%	56%
Average Metropolitan DCP Contribution When Contributions Are Required (AF)	0	180,000	272,000	290,000	299,000

¹ Results from USBR's May 2022 Colorado River Mid-Term Modeling System (CRMMS) model run.

Cyclic Program Activity

		CY Actions (AF)			Ending	
СҮ	Starting Balance (AF)	Cyclic Pre-Delivery	Cyclic Cost- Offset Pre-Delivery	Total Pre-Delivery	Sale Out of Cyclic	Ending Balance (AF)
2019	51,000	147,000	19,000	166,000	91,000	126,000
2020	126,000	2,000	0	2,000	50,000	78,000
2021	78,000	0	0	0	28,000	50,000
2022 ¹	50,000	0	0	0	32,000	18,000

¹ Projected Cyclic program activity for the year. Subject to change.

Date of Report: June 14, 2022

² IID can request return in any year, conditional on agreement terms. Increased by 22,500 AF that Metropolitan stored for IID in Lake Mead in an ICS sub-account in CY 2021, which IID can access to avoid an overrun. Future return is projected to be reduced by 83,000 AF as shown on page 4.

³ Up to 30,000 AF per year beginning no earlier than 2022.

⁴ Obligation to be met by the end of 2026.

⁵ Subject to change based on accounting adjustments.